# PHNIP Country Health Statistical Report

# South Africa

# September 2002





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### **About the Report**

### **Released September 2002**

This report is one of a series of Country Health Statistical Reports produced by the Population, Health and Nutrition Information (PHNI) Project. Each profile contains statistical data on current health conditions, population dynamics, health and family planning behavior, and health and population trends in a given developing country. Information is compiled from PHNI's health statistics database, which draws data from a diverse range of sources listed at the end of this profile.

Hard copy editions of PHNI's profiles are available from our publications department. Reports will soon be available on the USAID Global Health Web site in Portable Document Format (.pdf). Any feedback you have on the content or presentation of this report would be greatly appreciated. We would also appreciate receiving any more recent, more accurate, or more representative information. Contact us at the following:



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# I. Statistical Overview

\*see data notes

Demographic Indicators				
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source
Total Population	43,647,000		2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Population Growth Rate	0.02	%	2001	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Percent Urban	55	%	1999	World Bank/WDI-2001
Women, 15-19	2,302,352		2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Women, 15-49	12,153,060		2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Life Expectancy at Birth	45.4		2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Crude Birth Rate	20.6	per 1,000	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Crude Death Rate	18.9	per 1,000	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Number of Live Births	899	000s	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000

Socioeconomic Indicators				
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source
GNI per Capita (PPP)	8,710	\$	1999	World Bank/WDI-2001
Health Expenditure as Percentage of GDP	7.1	%	1990-1998	World Bank/WDI-2001
Physicians per 1,000 People	0.62		1990-1998	World Bank/WDI-2001
Adult Literacy Rate	84.9	%	1999	World Bank/WDI-2001
Adult Literacy Rate, Female	84.2	%	1999	World Bank/WDI-2001
Adult Literacy Rate, Male	85.7	%	1999	World Bank/WDI-2001
Gross Enrollment Rate - Primary School	133	%	1997	UNESCO-2000
Gender Parity Index - Net Enrollment Rate	0.98		1997	UNESCO-2000
Access to an Improved Water Source (Rural)	80	%	2000	World Bank/WDI-2001
Access to an Improved Water Source (Urban)	92	%	2000	World Bank/WDI-2001
Access to Improved Sanitation Facilities (Rural)	73	%	2000	World Bank/WDI-2001
Access to Improved Sanitation Facilities (Urban)	99	%	2000	World Bank/WDI-2001

Family Planning Indicators				
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source
Total Fertility Rate (BUCEN)	2.4		2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000
Total Fertility Rate (DHS)	2.9		1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Contraceptive Prevalence Rate, Modern Methods, All Women	49.3	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Contraceptive Prevalence Rate, Modern Methods, Married Women	55.1	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Median Age of Sexual Debut Among Women, Ages 25-49	18.4		1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Mean Ideal Family Size	2.9		1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Women 20-24 Who Gave Birth Before Age 20	40.1	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998

Maternal Health Indicators				
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source
Maternal Mortality Ratio (DHS)	150 <sup>1</sup>	Per 100,000 live births	1992-1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Maternal Mortality Ratio (WHO/Hill)	341	Per 100,000 live births	1995	WHO/Hill-2001
Antenatal Care (at least 1 visit)	87.9 <sup>2</sup>	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Antenatal Care (2+ visits)	86.1 <sup>3</sup>	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Antenatal Care (4+ visits)	73.1 <sup>4</sup>	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Assisted Delivery by a Health Professional	84.4	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Assisted Delivery by Doctor	30	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998
Assisted Delivery by Other Health Professional	54.4	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The value for this country is based on data from the six-year period preceding the survey <sup>2</sup> The value for this country represents data from the five-year period preceding the survey <sup>3</sup> The value for this country represents data from the five-year period preceding the survey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The value for this country represents data from the five-year period preceding the survey.

Child Survival Indicators								
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source				
Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) and Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORT)								
ARI Treatment - Children Under 5	75.3	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
ORT Use Rate (ORS, RHS, or Increased Fluids)	89.1	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Mortality Indicators								
Infant Mortality Rate (BUCEN)	62	per 1,000 live births	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000				
Infant Mortality Rate (DHS)	45.4	per 1,000 live births	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Infant Mortality Rate, Females (BUCEN)	58	per 1,000 live births	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000				
Infant Mortality Rate, Males (BUCEN)	66	per 1,000 live births	2002	BUCEN - IDB-2000				
Under-5 Mortality Rate (BUCEN)	123.6	per 1,000 live births	2001	BUCEN - IDB-2000				
Under-5 Mortality Rate (DHS)	59.4	per 1,000 live births	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Nutrition Indicators								
Exclusive Breastfeeding (under 4 mos.)	10.4	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Exclusive Breastfeeding (under 6 mos.)	6.2	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Stunted (height-for-age)	23	%	1993	World Bank/WDI-2001				
Underweight (weight-for-age)	9	%	1993	World Bank/WDI-2001				
Wasted (weight-for-height)		Data N	ot Availabl	e				
Vaccination Coverage								
DPT3 Vaccination Rate (DHS)	76.4	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Measles Vaccination Rate (DHS)	82.2	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Polio Vaccination Rate (DHS)	72.1	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				
Tetanus Toxoid Vaccination	58.8 1	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The value for this country represents data for at least one dose and the five-year period preceding the survey.

HIV/AIDS Prevention Indicators				
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source
HIV Prevalence, Adults	19.9	%	1999	UNAIDS-2000
HIV Prevalance, Females 15-24, High Estimates	27.1	%	1999	UNAIDS-2000
HIV Prevalance, Females 15-24, Low Estimates	22.5	%	1999	UNAIDS-2000
HIV Prevalence, Males 15-24, High Estimates	15.1	%	1999	UNAIDS-2000
HIV Prevalence, Males 15-24, Low Estimates	7.6	%	1999	UNAIDS-2000
Males Reporting Condom Use With Last Non-Regular Partner	Data Not Available			
Females Reporting Condom Use With Last Non-Regular Partner	8.2	%	1998	South Africa DHS-1998

Infectious Diseases Control Indicators									
Indicator	Value	Data Unit	Year	Source					
TB Incidence Rate	495	per 100,000 pop	1998	WHO/TB Control Report-2000					
TB Case Detection Rate	97.3	%	1998	WHO/TB Control Report-2000					
TB (DOTS) Treatment Success Rate	74.2	%	1998	WHO/TB Control Report-2000					
Malaria	29,160	Reported # of cases	1996	WHO/RBM-2002					

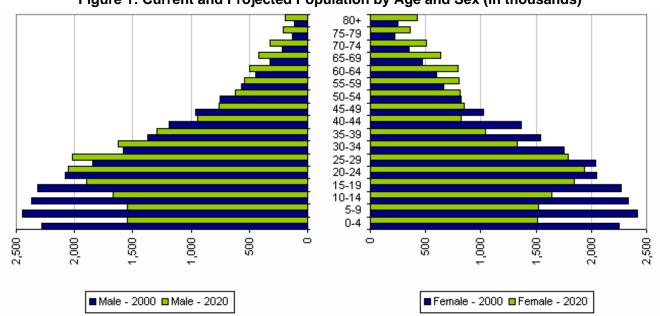


Figure 1: Current and Projected Population by Age and Sex (in thousands)

Table 1.1: Current and Projected Population by Age and Sex

Source: BUCEN - IDB

W 1 0000			
Male - 2000	Male - 2020	<b>Female - 2000</b>	Female - 2020
2,281,171	1,547,799	2,246,443	1,516,568
2,445,800	1,546,556	2,417,074	1,518,493
2,367,785	1,666,419	2,335,492	1,638,468
2,313,385	1,894,520	2,273,314	1,848,323
2,084,037	2,052,121	2,051,459	1,933,850
1,843,137	2,023,448	2,037,439	1,786,287
1,581,784	1,624,877	1,756,008	1,324,349
1,370,317	1,291,055	1,541,988	1,040,818
1,190,201	942,498	1,367,578	825,054
962,170	758,917	1,022,662	844,354
749,611	620,343	823,116	808,009
571,974	539,278	661,621	799,961
444,841	494,479	604,187	789,559
325,604	417,041	474,598	639,094
217,884	321,212	349,724	509,873
129,409	211,369	223,277	357,238
109,500	187,998	246,431	423,803
	2,281,171 2,445,800 2,367,785 2,313,385 2,084,037 1,843,137 1,581,784 1,370,317 1,190,201 962,170 749,611 571,974 444,841 325,604 217,884 129,409	2,281,171       1,547,799         2,445,800       1,546,556         2,367,785       1,666,419         2,313,385       1,894,520         2,084,037       2,052,121         1,843,137       2,023,448         1,581,784       1,624,877         1,370,317       1,291,055         1,190,201       942,498         962,170       758,917         749,611       620,343         571,974       539,278         444,841       494,479         325,604       417,041         217,884       321,212         129,409       211,369	2,281,171     1,547,799     2,246,443       2,445,800     1,546,556     2,417,074       2,367,785     1,666,419     2,335,492       2,313,385     1,894,520     2,273,314       2,084,037     2,052,121     2,051,459       1,843,137     2,023,448     2,037,439       1,581,784     1,624,877     1,756,008       1,370,317     1,291,055     1,541,988       1,190,201     942,498     1,367,578       962,170     758,917     1,022,662       749,611     620,343     823,116       571,974     539,278     661,621       444,841     494,479     604,187       325,604     417,041     474,598       217,884     321,212     349,724       129,409     211,369     223,277

**TABLE 1.2: Population Estimates and Projections** 

Source: BUCEN - IDB

1980	1990	2000	2010	2020
29,251,588	38,175,635	43,421,021	41,108,105	36,744,031

Figure 2: Estimated Total Fertility Rate per Woman

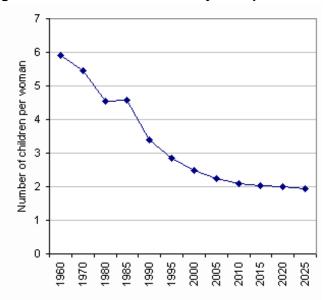
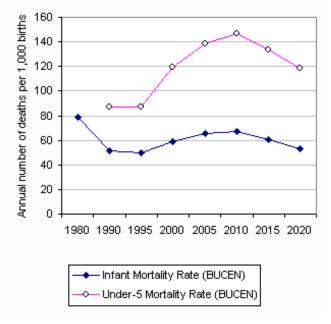


Table 2: Estimated Total Fertility Rate per Woman

Source: BUCEN - IDB

1960	1970	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
5.9	5.4	4.6	4.6	3.4	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9

Figure 3: Infant Mortality Rates / Under-5 Mortality Rates

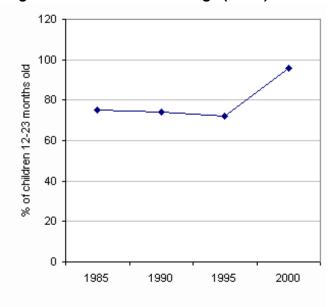


**Table 3: Infant Mortality Rates / Under-5 Mortality Rates** 

Source: BUCEN - IDB 2000

Indicator	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020
Infant Mortality Rate (BUCEN)	79.0	51.4	49.6	58.9	65.8	67.4	60.4	52.9
Under-5 Mortality Rate (BUCEN)		86.9	86.7	119.6	138.9	146.6	133.8	118.9

Figure 4: Vaccination Coverage (DPT3) Trends



**Table 4: Vaccination Coverage (DPT3) Trends** 

 Source: WHO/Global Summary

 1985
 1990
 1995
 2000

 75.0
 74.0
 72.0
 96.0

Figure 5: Contraceptive Prevalence Rates, Modern Methods, Married Women

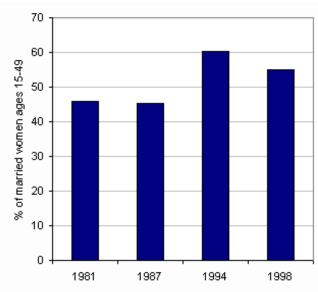


Table 5: Contraceptive Prevalence Rates, Modern Methods, Married Women

Source: Ross/TFGI South Africa DHS

1981	1987	1994	1998
46.0	45.4	60.4	55.1

### **Data Notes**

\*Indicator definitions that differ from those in the data notes section are identified by footnotes accompanying the indicator tables.

Demograp	hic	Indic	ators
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Total Population The number of people in a given area (i.e., country) in a particular time period (usually a midyear

estimate).

Population Growth Rate The average annual growth rate is the rate of natural increase in a population plus the net migration rate.

The rate of natural increase is the difference between the birth rate and the death rate, but it is

conventionally measured in percentage terms (per hundred rather than per thousand).

Percent Urban The percentage of the midyear population living in areas defined as urban in each country and reported

to the United Nations.

Women, 15-19 The number of women between the ages of 15-19 in the midyear population.

Women, 15-49 The number of women between the ages of 15-49 in the midyear population.

Life Expectancy at Birth The average number of years that a person at age 0 will live if age-specific death rates remain constant.

Life expectancy at birth is highly affected by rates of infant and child death.

Crude Birth Rate The number of births per thousand of the population. The product of the number of live births, divided by

the midpoint population, multiplied by 1,000.

Crude Death Rate The number of deaths per thousand of the population. The product of the number of deaths divided by

the midpoint population, multiplied by 1,000.

Number of Live Births The number of live births, annually, within a country.

### Socioeconomic Indicators

GNI per Capita (PPP) The gross national income (GNI) converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity (PPP)

rates. An international dollar has the same purchasing power over GNI as a U.S. dollar has in the United

States.

Health Expenditure as Percentage of GDP Total health expenditures is the sum of public and private health expenditures figured as a percentage of a country's gross domestic product (GDP). It covers the provision of health services (preventive and

curative), family planning activities, nutrition activities, and emergency aid designated for health but does

not include provision of water and sanitation.

Physicians per 1,000 People

Physicians are defined as graduates of any faculty or school of medicine who are working in the country

in any medical field (practice, teaching, research).

Adult Literacy Rate The percentage of people ages 15 and over who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple

statement about their everyday life.

Adult Literacy Rate, Female

The percentage of women ages 15 and over who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple

statement about their everyday life.

Adult Literacy Rate, Male The percentage of men ages 15 and over who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple

statement about their everyday life.

**Gross Enrollment Rate - Primary School** 

Total enrolment in primary level of education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official school-age population corresponding to primary level of education in give school-year. GER can be over 100% due to the inclusion of over-aged and under-aged pupils/students because of early or late

entrants, and grade repetition.

Gender Parity Index - Net Enrollment Rate

The ratio of the female-to-male net primary school enrollment rates measures progress towards gender equity in school attendance and the level of learning opportunities available for women in relation to those available to men. Calculation Method: Divide the female net primary school enrollment rate by the male net primary school enrollment rate.

Access to an Improved Water Source (Rural)

Access to an improved water source in rural areas. Refers to the percentage of the rural population with reasonable access to an adequate amount of water from an improved source, such as a household connection, public standpipe, borehole, protected well or spring, or rainwater collection. Unimproved sources include vendors, tanker trucks, and unprotected wells and springs. Reasonable access is defined as the availability of at least 20 liters a person a day from a source within one kilometer of the dwelling.

Access to an Improved Water Source (Urban)

Access to an improved water source in urban areas. Refers to the percentage of the urban population with reasonable access to an adequate amount of water from an improved source, such as a household connection, public standpipe, borehole, protected well or spring, or rainwater collection. Unimproved sources include vendors, tanker trucks, and unprotected wells and springs. Reasonable access is defined as the availability of at least 20 liters a person a day from a source within one kilometer of the dwelling.

Access to Improved Sanitation Facilities (Rural)

Access to improved sanitation facilities in rural areas. Refers to the percentage of the rural population with access to at least adequate excreta disposal facilities (private or shared, but not public) that can effectively prevent human, animal, and insect contact with excreta.

Access to Improved Sanitation Facilities (Urban)

Access to improved sanitation facilities in urban areas. Refers to the percentage of the urban population with access to at least adequate excreta disposal facilities (private or shared, but not public) that can effectively prevent human, animal, and insect contact with excreta.

#### Family Planning Indicators

Total Fertility Rate (BUCEN)

The number of children a woman between ages 15-44 would have during her reproductive life, if, for all of her childbearing years she were to experience the age-specific birth rates for that given year.

**Total Fertility Rate (DHS)** 

The number of children a woman between ages 15-49 would have during her lifetime if she were to bear children at the currently observed rates.

Contraceptive Prevalence Rate, Modern Methods, All Women

Percentage of all women ages 15-49 currently using a modern method of contraception. Modern methods include oral contraceptives, IUDs, injectables, female and male sterilization, all emergency contraception, and barrier methods (diaphragm, foam, jelly, male and female condom).

Contraceptive Prevalence Rate, Modern Methods, Married Women

Percent of currently married ages women 15-49 currently using a modern method of contraception. Modern methods include oral contraceptives, IUDs, injectables, female and male sterilization, all emergency contraception, and barrier methods (diaphragm, foam, jelly, male and female condom).

Median Age of Sexual Debut Among Women, Ages 25-49

Median age of first sexual intercourse for women ages 25-49.

**Mean Ideal Family Size** 

Mean ideal number of children for all women, according to number of living children.

Women 20-24 Who Gave Birth Before Age 20

Percentage of women ages 20-24 who have already given birth or were pregnant with their first child before the age of 20.

### Maternal Health Indicators

Maternal Mortality Ratio (DHS)

The estimated number of women who die as a result of pregnancy or childbirth per 100,000 live births, arrived mostly through 'direct sisterhood method'. The use of information reported by a sibling is to expand the sample size and to compensate for the lack of vital registration system.

Maternal Mortality Ratio (WHO/Hill)

The estimated number of women who die as a result of pregnancy or childbirth per 100,000 live births arrived through Hill et al., adjustment procedure depending on the nature of data used.

Antenatal Care (at least 1 visit)

Percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49) who receive at least one antenatal care visit during pregnancy (in the three-year period preceding the survey).

Antenatal Care (2+ visits)

Percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49) who receive at least two antenatal care visits during pregnancy (in the three-year period preceding the survey).

Antenatal Care (4+ visits)	Percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49) who receive four or more antenatal care visits during pregnancy (in the three-year period preceding the survey).
Assisted Delivery by a Health Professional	The percentage of births/deliveries that occur with the assistance of any trained health professional during the five-year period preceding the survey. May include doctors, nurses, midwives, village health workers, or any other trained health professional.
Assisted Delivery by Doctor	The percentage of live births/deliveries that occur with the assistance of a doctor during the five-year period preceding the survey.
Assisted Delivery by Other Health Professional	The percentage of live births/deliveries that occur with the assistance of a nurse, midwife, village health worker, or any other trained health professional besides a doctor during the five-year period preceding the survey.
Child Survival Indicators	
ARI Treatment - Children Under 5	Percentage of children under five years who were ill with an acute respiratory infection (ARI), which is associated with cough, rapid breathing and a high fever, during the two weeks preceding the survey, and who were treated with specific remedies.
ORT Use Rate (ORS, RHS, or Increased Fluids)	Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORT). Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhea two weeks prior to survey who received increased fluids, oral rehydration solution (ORS) or recommended home solution (RHS).
Infant Mortality Rate (BUCEN)	The estimated annual number of deaths of infants under 12 months in a given year per 1,000 live births in that same year.
Infant Mortality Rate (DHS)	The estimated annual number of deaths of infants under 12 months in a given year per 1,000 live births in that same year (five-year period preceding survey).
Infant Mortality Rate, Females (BUCEN)	The estimated annual number of deaths of female infants under 12 months in a given year per 1,000 live births in that same year.
Infant Mortality Rate, Males (BUCEN)	The estimated annual number of of male infants under 12 months in a given year per 1,000 live births in that same year.
Under-5 Mortality Rate (BUCEN)	Annual number of deaths that occur in children 0-4 years old per 1,000 births.
Under-5 Mortality Rate (DHS)	Annual number of deaths that occur in children 0-4 years old per 1,000 births (five-year period preceding survey).
Exclusive Breastfeeding (under 4 mos.)	Percentage of children under 4 months exclusively breastfed. Exclusive breastfeeding is defined as providing no food or liquid other than breast milk to the child during the 24-hour period before the survey.
Exclusive Breastfeeding (under 6 mos.)	Percentage of children under 6 months exclusively breastfed. Exclusive breastfeeding is defined as providing no food or liquid other than breast milk to the child during the 24-hour period before the survey.
Stunted (height-for-age)	Percentage of children under age five whose height-for-age is below minus-two standard deviations from the median of the reference population.
Underweight (weight-forage)	Percentage of children under age five whose weight-for-age is below minus-two standard deviations from the median of the reference population.
Wasted (weight-for- height)	Percentage of children under age five whose weight-for-height is below minus-two standard deviations from the median of the reference population.
DPT3 Vaccination Rate (DHS)	Proportion of living children 12-23 months old who have received three complete doses of vaccines against diphtheria, pertussis, and tetanus.
Measles Vaccination Rate (DHS)	Percentage of living children who have received one dose of MCV (fully immunized) against measles.
Polio Vaccination Rate (DHS)	Percentage of children receiving three doses of polio vaccine.
Tetanus Toxoid Vaccination	Percentage of pregnant women receiving two (or more) doses of tetanus toxoid (three-year period preceding survey).

### HIV/AIDS Prevention Indicators

**HIV Prevalence, Adults** The estimated number of adults (ages 15-49) living with HIV/AIDS at the end of 1999 divided by the 1999 adult population (ages 15-49).

**HIV Prevalance, Females** 15-24, High Estimates

HIV prevalence, adolescent females 15-24 for high estimates.

**HIV Prevalance, Females** 15-24, Low Estimates

HIV prevalence, adolescent females 15-24 for low estimates.

24, High Estimates

HIV Prevalence, Males 15- HIV prevalence, adolescent males 15-24 for high estimates.

24, Low Estimates

HIV Prevalence, Males 15- HIV prevalence, adolescent males 15-24 for low estimates.

Males Reporting Condom **Use With Last Non-Regular Partner** 

Among men who have had sex in the last year, percentage who used condoms during their last sexual intercourse with a non-regular partner/non-cohabitating partner.

**Females Reporting Condom Use With Last Non-Regular Partner** 

Among women who have had sex in the last year, percentage who used condoms during their last sexual intercourse with a non-regular partner/non-cohabitating partner.

#### Infectious Diseases Control Indicators

**TB Incidence Rate** Total number of TB cases (all types) estimated in a given period of time per 100,000 population.

**TB Case Detection Rate** TB Case Detection Rate is defined as the percentage of the annual new smear-positive notifications of

the estimated annual new smear-positive incidence.

**TB (DOTS) Treatment Success Rate** 

Malaria

The proportion of smear-positive patients who were cured plus the proportion who completed treatment.

Reported number of cases of malaria during the year for which data reported.

### Statistical Sources For South Africa

**BUCEN - IDB 2000** 

United States Census Bureau (BUCEN), International Programs Center. International Database. Web site revision dated October 2000.

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